

A

The COVID-19 pandemic has pushed millions of workers into unemployment and underemployment. Something has to be done.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 8**

A

One in five children live in extreme poverty. The negative effects of poverty in the early years have ramifications that can last a lifetime.

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

1/4 of the food currently wasted globally could feed 870 million people! We can do better!

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

As of 2017, more than 264 million children globally did not have access to education. We must do something.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 4**

A

Countries affected by wars experience the lowest levels of access to school. We must cooperate to prevent wars!

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 17**

A

The COVID-19 pandemic has worsened the levels of equality in many countries.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 10**

A

Around 1 million animal and plant species were in threat of extinction in 2020. That is sad!

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

More than 80% of wastewater resulting from human activities is discharged into rivers or sea without any pollution removal.

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

The Philippines is very often devastated by typhoons. In 2013, the Haiyan caused more than 6,100 deaths. In these cases, cooperation and humanitarian aid are needed.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 15**

A

When Japan suffered from a nuclear disaster in 2011, the government considered releasing the contaminated water into the ocean. Countries have a common responsibility to help Japan and to protect the oceans!

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 17**

A

COVID-19 has dramatically impacted the economy of the world. The European Union launched a plan of 4.2 trillion euros to help the member states.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 17**

A

The wildlife populations have fallen by more than two-thirds in less than 50 years. We need to act now!

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 15**

A

Indonesia has introduced new laws and regulations to protect its rainforests - home to orangutans and other endangered animals and plants. A victory for the life on land!

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

The number of children engaged in child labour is still very high. Therefore, countries have called the UN's International Labor Organization to convene a summit with all UN members to address the issue.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 17**

A

A high record number of people are fleeing from their homes due to war, hunger, and political conflict. The UN has called the EU member states to help these people to safety.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 17**

A

If women in the agricultural industry had the same access to the same resources as men, the number of people around the world living in hunger could be reduced by 150 million.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 5**

A

Clean drinking water is a basic human need. Although the Earth has enough drinking water for everyone, millions of people still die every year from diseases linked to unclean drinking water and poor sanitation, such as diarrhea.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 6**

A

In 1948 Universal Declaration of Human Rights was adopted by The General Assembly. Today, more than 179 countries have signed the declaration. A victory for peace, justice, and strong institutions!

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

Although we see modest improvements in areas of gender equality around the world, much more needs to be done! Women spend on average 90% of their income on their families, while men only use somewhere between 30-40%.ture

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 5**

A

In most countries around the world, people have the right to a minimum of six months of paid sick leave, but elsewhere people only have the right to less than a month of paid sick leave. The UN works to address the remaining shortcomings in universal labour

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 16**

A

In most developing countries, there are more men than women that can read and write. If gender equality was improved in schools around the world, more countries would enjoy better conditions for economic growth.ture

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 5**

A

It takes 100 litres (26.4 gallons) of water to produce 1 kilogram (2.2 pounds) of paper from fresh wood fibers. One kilogram of paper made from recycled paper only takes 20 litres (5.3 gallons)! It is a good idea to invest in sustainable production.ture

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 6**

A

Children around the world, especially girls, often cannot attend primary school because of poor bathroom facilities. The UN Development Programme helps to improve sanitary conditions for schools around the world.ture

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 6**

A

To produce a single t-shirt, 1,400 litres of water is needed - as much as 10 full bathtubs. Every year, 150 billion pieces of clothing are produced - enough for every person on Earth to have 20 pieces of new clothing every year.ture

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 12**

A

Freedom of the press is threatened when the independent media is controlled by specific interests or prevented from doing its work, for example, through censorship, political ownership, or violence. Goal 16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions - is immature

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 16**

A

Global biodiversity has fallen drastically over the past several decades. Since the 1990s, about 75% of all plant biodiversity has been lost.ture

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 15**

A

Forced labor is when people are forced to work against their will by using, for example, violence and threats or unfair contract agreements. The majority of forced labor victims live in Asia.ture

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 8**

A

Extreme floods hit South Asia very often. Thousands of people lose everything and remain without food, clean water, and shelters every time this happens. The people in India and Bangladesh need help!

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

Extreme earthquakes often hit South Africa. People who live in deep poverty and hunger receive aid from other countries. An example of a Partnership for the Goals!

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 17**

A

Sea levels continue to rise as a result of global climate change. Many island nations - especially in Oceania - risk being submerged and erased from the world map. The populations are forced to flee to survive.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 14**

A

Hurricanes hit Florida in the US very often. Material and financial aid to the response teams on the ground in Florida is always needed.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 13**

A

A volcanic eruption in Iceland, in 2010, sent an ash cloud into the airspace covering most of Europe. This paralyzed all air traffic across the continent.

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

In the last years, Mongolia has been experiencing severe droughts. It affects the harvests and the prices on food are rising fast. Mongolia needs help to combat widespread hunger.

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

In 2018, Zimbabwe has declared a state of emergency due to a Cholera breakout. The UN agencies on the ground - the World Food Programme and the World Health Organization - were doing their best to help.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 16**

A

Many rainforests around the world are experiencing extreme deforestation. This brings many of the animals into critical harm.

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

In 2014, large protests broke out in Gambia after a failed coup d'état. This made it extremely difficult and dangerous for the UN to continue its Security Sector Reform (SSR) in Gambia to strengthen its democracy and stability.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 16**

A

The oceans are experiencing extreme levels of chemical pollution, which threatens animal and plant life below water. This also means that the millions of people who subsist of fishing will suffer.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 14**

A

The EU provides large amounts of funding to EU cotton farmers to protect the European agricultural industry and production. This way, the European farmers can sell their products at a lower price than the farmers in developing countries. This has led to

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

Every time there is a general election in Ethiopia, people fear that the sitting government will cheat its way to re-election by taking advantages of the country's illiterate population.

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

The waters around Somalia are used to ship products to and from Europe. However, pirates of Somalia's coast still impose a major problem for African and European countries.

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

In Eritrea, only 19% of the population have access to clean drinking water. The international community must act. Relevant UN agencies as well as local Eritrean partners work together to address this problem.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 17**

A

Some countries still do not have laws that ban child marriage. Globally, every fifth girl is married or in union before the age of 18. Child marriages often involve young girls being forced out of school and into a life with an adult man.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 5**

A

While it is free to attend primary school in a number of the world's least developed countries, attending primary school in South Africa still costs money. Although this is one of Africa's richest countries, South Africa remains one of the world's most

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 10**

A

Controlling for international labor rights, decent working conditions, and illegal labor practices remains important even within developed countries.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 8**

A

Toilets and sewage systems are clean and safe ways of separating harmful bacteria of human waste. The lack of proper sanitary facilities is so dangerous that one child under the age of 5 dies every minute due to it.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 6**

A

The global climate change is impacting every person on Earth, and the countries of the world are not on track to reach their climate goals. According to UNESCO, about 1.8 billion people will live in areas of acute water scarcity by 2025. [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

Much remains to be done to achieve full global gender equality. Women only make up 39.3% of the total global workforce. In Yemen, only 6% of women are a part of the workforce. In Rwanda, this number is 88%. [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 5**

A

While some countries are leading the way in innovative and clean sources of energy, other countries are lagging far behind and remain reliant on fossil fuels that are contributing to climate change. [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

When flash floods hit the Central African Republic, the UN's agencies cannot coordinate emergency aid effectively due to a lack of proper infrastructure. This has critical consequences for those hit by the natural disaster. [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

Many people around the world live without basic freedoms. Globally, 40 million people live in modern slavery. Of the 40 million, 25 million are subject to forced labor and/or other types of economic exploitation, such as prostitution. [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 8**

A

The price drop on oil has caused an economic crisis in Chad. The common people of Chad are now in hunger. These people need help from countries in your part of the world! [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

If recent trends continue, the number of people affected by hunger will surpass 840 million by 2030. [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

Throughout 2020, more than 990 million learners globally were affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 4**

A

It is estimated that the warming effect of aircraft emissions is about 1.9 times that of carbon dioxide alone, due to the other gases produced by planes. [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

More than 3000 asylum seekers died on their way to the European shores in 2015. [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 17**

A

While approximately 690 million people in the world suffer from hunger, obesity has nearly tripled worldwide since 1975. [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 3**

A

It is now legal to be homosexual in India. A victory for the right to love whoever you love! [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

When countries are hit by natural disasters, such as when Colombia in 2017 experienced huge landslides after large amounts of rain and over 300 people died, the UN Development Program and the World Food Program are trying to help the best ways. [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

Once in a while, the UN convenes conferences to find solutions to global challenges - such as climate. In 2015, the Paris Agreement was concluded by all countries of the world. A victory for the climate! [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

Bangladesh has developed an app that can verify a girl's age. This can help prevent illegal and forced marriages, and thousands of girls can now continue their education. A victory for equality and education! [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

In Sri Lanka, revised legislation on school meals produced new guidelines for improved food quality in canteens around the country. [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

In 2016, Copenhagen was the host city for Women Deliver, which was the world's largest conference focusing on girls' and women's rights. Global partnerships with a focus on achieving gender equality is a victory for all people! [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 5**

A

Since 2000, 1.4 billion people have gotten access to clean drinking water. This development is a clear step in the right direction. A victory for good health and well-being! [ture](#)

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

A Danish inventor developed a straw that can be used to drink directly from unclean water. It cleans the water by filtering away any harmful bacteria, viruses, and parasites. People in developing countries can now better avoid drinking unhealthy water. A ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

In 1990, 0% of Bhutan's population had access to electricity. Today, all of Bhutan's population have access to electricity. This is a remarkable development and a victory for the freedom of information!ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

The project "Wired Mothers" in Zanzibar offers medical assistance over the phone to pregnant women who live far away from a doctor. A victory for improved health and well-being for women and children!ture

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 3**

A

The 17 Global Goals (SDGs) are agreed upon through the document "Agenda 2030" and signed by all 193 member states of the UN. This document commits all countries to reach the development goals by 2030. This is a big accomplishment for a more sustainable future

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

In 2015, women in Saudi Arabia gained the right to vote in elections, making the Vatican City the only country left on Earth where women still do not have the right to vote. A victory for gender equality!ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

The resistance to the use of barrel bombs is now growing. An international agreement to stop the use of barrel bombs has been ratified. The world is now a little closer to peace and security from indiscriminate killing.ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

Criminal justice is one area of sustainable development in which many improvements remain to be seen in countries all over the world. In 2018, Amnesty International determined that many women were detained in El Salvador's prisons for getting an abortion.ture

*consequence:*

**Skip turn**

A

For the first time in history, there are almost as many girls in school as there are boys. A victory for gender equality and quality education!ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

If all the 80 million people whom the UN's Food Program (the WFP) delivered food aid to in 2017 held hands, they could reach around the Earth three times. The WFP successfully reached a lot of people in 2017!ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**



**A**

Today, oil makes up about 39.7% of the world's total energy consumption, while only 28.5% of our total energy consumption comes from renewable sources of energy. Countries in the world have engaged to innovate and invest in sustainable energy sources.

*consequence:*

**Go to goal 7**

**A**

The measles vaccine has had an extremely positive impact on global health. From 2000 to 2014, the number of deaths due to measles fell by 79% worldwide, saving 17.1 million lives. A victory for good health and well-being!

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

**A**

The amount of plastic in the world's oceans is rapidly increasing, especially because of our over-consumption of single-use plastics, such as plastic bags. Some countries have decided to take the lead and ban plastic bags and straws, and encourages all others.

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

**A**

In six African countries, health clinics have gotten solar cells installed. These produce electricity so that medicine can be cooled and patients' medical journals can be safely stored online. A victory for better health and well-being around the globe!

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

**A**

Versova Beach in India was until recently covered in trash, but a team of volunteers got together to clean it up! The clean-up efforts resulted in sea turtles coming back to the beach where they laid their eggs again. A victory for life below water!

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

**A**

Investments in education can bring new and remarkable innovations. Drones are now distributing vaccines in rural regions of the Democratic Republic of the Congo - this saves children's lives.

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

**A**

The world's second largest coral reef, Belize Barrier Reef, has benefitted from the massive preservation efforts by the local population and is no longer on UNESCO's list of acutely threatened natural heritage sites. A victory for life below water!

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

**A**

In Pakistan, a green initiative called "Billion Tree Tsunami" has gotten very popular. The initiative has managed to plant more than a billion new trees to combat deforestation and desertification. A victory for life on land!

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

**A**

Australia is among the few countries that has explicit legislation prohibiting discrimination against women based on breastfeeding status.

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

Two new species of marsupial have been found in Australia. The world's biodiversity just got richer!ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

39 countries formed the "Alliance for Poverty Eradication", which is aiming to promote multilateral and bilateral efforts, as well as to push forward the achievement the SDGs together.ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

30 years after the nuclear accident in Chernobyl (Ukraine), researchers have found that the land became a heaven for wildlife, with lynx, bison, deer and other animals. A success for biodiversity.ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

Good news for the Iberian Lynx! In 2019, it went from being "Critically Endangered" to "Endangered", having increased from 100 in 2002 to over 800 in 2019 thanks to big conservation efforts.ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

In 2019, India constructed the biggest solar plant in the world with a capacity of 2,245 GW. That is good news!ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

In 2020, the Scottish Parliament made all menstrual products free of charge. Scotland is the first country in the world to do so. A great victory for all girls and women!ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

A French start-up created a wear-free and electronic-free motor that works with solar energy. It can drive small mechanical device like water pump! ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

Good news, some butterfly species are bouncing back! 2019 was the best year for butterflies in over 20 years!ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

In 2020, the younger generation demonstrated on the streets to fight for climate action! The climate now has an important cooperation partner!ture

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

The extreme poverty rate has fallen below 8%, the lowest recorded level in human history. For the first time since the start of the SDGs, the number of people in extreme poverty in Africa is decreasing.

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

The UN is working on connecting development work with peacekeeping and security, with an emphasis on preventing conflict. It also strengthens the world's financial support in times of crisis.

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**

A

If people worldwide switched to energy-efficient light bulbs, the world would save 105 billion euros annually.

*consequence:*

**Extra roll**